Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2020

For the year ended December 31, 2020

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the board of directors of Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2020, and the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada as at December 31, 2020, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

In common with many charitable organizations, the Entity derives revenue from donations and cash receipts the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our audit of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Entity and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenues other than grants and investment income, excess of revenue over expenditures, and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 assets and net assets as at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one
resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



### **Independent Auditor's Report**

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada S.r.I. / S.E.N. C.R.L./1LP,

Montréal, Québec June 25, 2021

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CPA auditor, CA, public accountancy permit No. A122867

# Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada Statement of Financial Position

December 31		2020	2019
Assets			
Current Cash and cash equivalents Contributions receivable Grants receivable Sales taxes receivable Prepaid expenses Investments (Note 2)	\$	909,859 5,318 33,963 34,006 71,169 2,212,611	\$ 767,907 25,182 - 18,304 17,767 2,037,795
Capital assets (Note 3) Intangible asset (Note 4)	_	3,266,926 21,213 149,121	2,866,955 29,530 130,379
	\$	3,437,260	\$ 3,026,864
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5) Deferred contributions (Note 6)	\$	100,487 113,200	\$ 115,744 110,000
Canada emergency business account (Note 7)	_	213,687 30,000	225,744
Unrestricted net assets		243,687 3,193,573	225,744 2,801,120
	\$	3,437,260	\$ 3,026,864
Commitments (Note 8) Uncertainty Due to COVID-19 (Note 10)			
On behalf of the Board:			
Director			Director

# Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31	2020	2019
Unrestricted net assets, beginning of the year	\$ 2,801,120 \$	2,557,681
Excess of revenue over expenditures for the year	392,453	243,439
Unrestricted net assets, end of the year	\$ 3,193,573 \$	2,801,120

# Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada Statement of Revenue and Expenditures

For the year ended December 31		2020		2019
Revenue				
Industry grants	\$	965,248	Ś	1,047,304
Fundraising events	•	680,874	~	775,412
Other contributions		619,659		348,681
Government assistance (Note 1)		120,198		-
Investment income		37,739		42,795
Other revenue		8,478		39,234
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	_	<sup>^</sup> 79		467
	_	2,432,275		2,253,893
Expenditures				
Science and research		796,979		497,545
Patient and education programs		388,099		584,783
General and administration (Schedule)		208,288		205,660
Access and advocacy		34,495		76,600
Fundraising		233,443		274,454
Awareness and communication		371,363		341,998
Governance		56,031		88,894
Realized (gain) loss on disposal of investments		(15,446)		23,552
Unrealized gain on investments at fair value	_	(33,430)		(83,032)
		2,039,822		2,010,454
Excess of revenue over expenditures				
for the year	\$	392,453	\$	243,439

# Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31		2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities			
Excess of revenue over expenditures			
for the year	\$	392,453	\$ 243,439
Items not affecting cash			02.550
Realized (gain) loss on disposal of investments		(15,446)	23,552
Unrealized gain on investments at fair value		(33,430)	(83,032)
Amortization of capital assets		8,317	8,279
Amortization of intangible asset		55,893	44,139
Subsidy revenue from the Canada emergency business		(10,000)	
account program	_	(10,000)	
		397,787	236,377
Changes in non-cash working capital balances		571,751	230,377
Contributions receivable		19,864	32,147
Grants receivable		(33,963)	-
Sales taxes receivable		(15,702)	11,126
Prepaid expenses		(53,402)	(10,437)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(15,257)	(182,755)
Deferred contributions		3,200	110,000
		302,527	196,458
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments	(	1,409,913)	(1,668,183)
Proceeds on disposal of investments	`	1,283,973	641,738
Purchase of capital assets		-	(14,570)
Purchase of intangible asset		(74,635)	(84,177)
		(200,575)	(1,125,192)
Cook flows from financing activity			
Cash flows from financing activity Canada emergency business account		40,000	-
<b>3</b> ,	_	, .	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during		4.44.050	(020 724)
the year		141,952	(928,734)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		767,907	1,696,641
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	909,859	\$ 767,907

#### December 31, 2020

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Purpose of Organization**

Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada is incorporated under the *Canada Not-for-profit Corporations Act and is a registered* charity under paragraph 149 (1) (f) of the *Income Tax Act*. Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada is the only national organization exclusively devoted to the Canadian myeloma community. As a patient-driven, patient-focused organization, Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada works with leading myeloma researchers and clinicians as well as other cancer organizations and local support groups across Canada, strengthening the voice of the Canadian myeloma community and improving the quality of life of myeloma patients, their caregivers and families through education, awareness, advocacy and research.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions, if any, industry grants, fundraising and other revenue are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Investments income is recognized when earned.

#### **Government Assistance**

The policy of the Organization recognizes government assistance received or receivable to current expenses for the year in revenue, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and its collection is reasonably assured. During the year, the Organization recorded \$110,198 of wage subsidies and \$10,000 of subsidy revenue from the Canada emergency business account program (Note 7).

#### **Contributed Services**

In the course of its activities, the Organization uses the services of volunteers as well as services and materials provided without monetary compensation. Given that the Organization does not pay for these services or materials and that it is impractical to estimate their fair value, they are not recognized in the financial statements.

#### December 31, 2020

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful lives of the assets is provided at the following annual rates:

	Method	Rate
Computer equipment	Declining balance	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	Declining balance	5 years
Building improvements	Straight-line	10 years

#### Intangible Asset

Intangible asset is stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is provided at the following annual rate:

	Method	Rate		
Software	Declining balance	3 years		

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The policy of the Organization is to disclose bank balances under cash and cash equivalents, including bank overdrafts with balances that fluctuate frequently from being positive to overdrawn, and temporary investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency accounts are translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

At the transaction date, each asset, liability, revenue and expense is translated into Canadian dollars by the use of the exchange rate in effect at that date. At the year-end date, monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars by using the exchange rate in effect at that date. The resulting foreign exchange gains and losses are included in income in the current period.

#### Financial Instruments

The Organization's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, contributions receivable, investments and accounts payable.

#### Measurement of Financial Instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost with the exception of investments quoted in an active market which are subsequently measured at fair value based on closing market prices.

#### December 31, 2020

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, contributions receivable and grants receivable.

Financial assets measured at fair value include investments.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable.

#### *Impairment*

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in excess of revenue over expenditures. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is not greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures.

#### **Allocation of Expenses**

The Organization engages in various programs related to their purpose as set out above. The cost of each program includes the costs of personnel that are directly related to providing these programs. The allocation is based on the time devoted to each program.

### December 31, 2020

#### 2. Investments

The carrying amounts of investments are comprised of the following:

	2020	2019
Marketable securities at cost Changes in fair value	\$ 2,149,183 \$ 63,428	2,007,575 30,220
Fair value	\$ 2,212,611 \$	2,037,795

#### 3. Capital Assets

	2020				20	19	
	 Accumulated Cost Amortization		Cost		cumulated nortization		
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Building improvements	\$ 30,235 13,975 3,018	\$	17,423 7,536 1,056	\$	30,235 13,975 3,018	\$	11,018 5,925 755
	47,228		26,015		47,228		17,698
Net book value		\$	21,213			\$	29,530

### 4. Intangible Asset

	 2020			2019			
	 Accumulated Cost Amortization		Cost	_	cumulated nortization		
Software	\$ 278,158	\$	129,037	\$	203,523	\$	73,144
Net book value		\$	149,121			\$	130,379

#### December 31, 2020

#### 5. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	 2020	2019
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Salaries and vacation payable Government remittances	\$ 40,712 54,322 5,453	\$ 68,623 46,048 1,073
	\$ 100,487	\$ 115,744

#### 6. Deferred Contributions

The following summarizes the changes in deferred contributions related to projects carried out in the current year:

	 2020	2019
Balance, beginning of year Deferred contributions received during the year Less: amount recognized in revenue in the year	\$ 110,000 113,200 (110,000)	\$ 110,000
Balance, end of year	\$ 113,200	\$ 110,000

#### 7. Canada Emergency Business Account

Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic, the Government of Canada has granted the Organization a loan of \$40,000 of which \$10,000 has been exempt. The loan is non-interest bearing, has no repayment terms and matures on December 31, 2022.

#### December 31, 2020

#### 8. Commitments

The Organization has entered into a real estate lease agreement for its premises and office equipment until March 2027 with future minimum lease payments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2021	\$ 16,898
2022	19,094
2023	19,917
2024	21,146
2025	21,463
Thereafter	 26,829
	\$ 125,347

#### 9. Risks Arising from Financial Instruments

The Organization is exposed to various risks by virtue of holding financial instruments. There have been no changes to the Organization's exposure to those risks nor in how those risks are managed since the previous year.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Organization is exposed to currency risk in foreign currency rates resulting from U.S. dollar cash and cash equivalents and investments. At December 31, 2020, cash denominated in U.S. dollars expressed in Canadian dollars was \$51,322 (2019 - \$44,522).

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to cash and cash equivalents and investments from the potential default by counterparties that carry the Organization's cash and cash equivalents and investments. The Organization mitigates the credit risk by dealing with only large financial institutions with good credit ratings. The Organization is also exposed to credit risk arising from its contributions receivable. The Organization works to ensure that the receivables meet all eligibility criteria in order to qualify to receive the funding.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is subject to liquidity risk on its accounts payable which arise from its daily operations. The Organization manages this risk by monitoring working capital and cash flows needs.

#### December 31, 2020

#### 9. Risks Arising from Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Organization is exposed to price risk from its investment portfolio. The Organization moderates this risk through the selection and diversification of securities held within the portfolio.

#### 10. Uncertainty Due to COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency due to a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in global exposure.

As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Organization's financial condition, liquidity and future operations. While management continues to monitor the situation, given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Organization is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition or liquidity at this time.

# Multiple Myeloma Canada / Myélome Multiple Canada Schedule of General and Administrative Expenses

For the year ended December 31	2020	2019
Salaries Rent Accounting and legal Insurance Repairs and maintenance Traveling Stationery, postage and telephone Amortization of capital assets License and memberships Bank and credit card fees Professional services	\$ 61,779 48,128 21,521 20,162 8,042 16,642 11,066 8,816 8,118 4,014	\$ 55,696 44,118 15,951 13,963 9,689 2,271 10,040 5,881 10,920 2,651 34,480
	\$ 208,288	\$ 205,660